116TH CONGRESS S. CON. RES. Recognizing September 11, 2020, as "National Day of Service and Remembrance".

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

	submitted the following concurrent resolution; wh	ich
was referred to	the Committee on	

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Recognizing September 11, 2020, as "National Day of Service and Remembrance".

Whereas, on September 11, 2001, the United States endured violent terrorist attacks and events (referred to in this preamble as the "attacks") in New York City, Washington, DC, and Shanksville, Pennsylvania, leading to the tragic deaths and injuries of thousands of innocent United States citizens and others from more than 90 different countries and territories;

Whereas, in response to the attacks, firefighters, uniformed officers, emergency medical technicians, physicians, nurses, military personnel, and other first responders immediately rose to service in the heroic attempt to save the lives of the individuals in danger;

Whereas, in the immediate aftermath of the attacks, thousands of recovery workers, including trades personnel, iron workers, equipment operators, and many others, joined with uniformed officers and military personnel to help search for and recover victims lost in the attacks;

- Whereas, in the days, weeks, and months following the attacks, thousands of individuals in the United States spontaneously volunteered to help support rescue and recovery efforts, braving both physical and emotional hardship;
- Whereas many first responders, rescue and recovery workers, volunteers, and survivors of the attacks continue to suffer from serious medical illnesses and emotional distress related to the physical and mental trauma of the attacks;
- Whereas hundreds of thousands of brave individuals continue to serve every day, answering the call to duty as members of the Armed Forces, with some having given their lives or suffered injury—
 - (1) to defend the security of the United States; and
 - (2) to prevent further terrorist attacks;
- Whereas people of the United States witnessed and endured the tragedy of September 11, 2001, and, in the immediate aftermath of the attacks, became unified under a remarkable spirit of service and compassion that inspired the people of the United States;
- Whereas, in the years immediately following the attacks, there was a marked increase in volunteerism and national service among the people of the United States, which continues to this day;

Whereas, in 2009, Congress passed, and President Barack Obama signed, the bipartisan Serve America Act (Public Law 111–13; 123 Stat. 1460), which—

- (1) established, at the request of the 9/11 community, Federal recognition of September 11 as a "National Day of Service and Remembrance" (commonly referred to as "9/11 Day"); and
- (2) charged the Corporation for National and Community Service with leading that annual day of service;
- Whereas, during the period beginning on the date of establishment of September 11 as a National Day of Service and Remembrance, millions of individuals in the United States observe that date by engaging in a wide range of service activities and private forms of prayer and remembrance;
- Whereas, during the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) national emergency—
 - (1) Americans have once again rallied together to rise to the challenge by caring for the sick, providing essential services, and volunteering in their communities; and
 - (2) there have been robust calls to strengthen, expand, and participate in all forms of national and community service; and
- Whereas the trends described in the preceding clause are the continuation of an American tradition of individuals and communities coming together to serve each other in times of need: Now, therefore, be it
- 1 Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives
- 2 concurring), That Congress—

1	(1) recognizes, commends, and honors the self-
2	less dedication to fellow citizens displayed through
3	the heroic actions of first responders and other citi-
4	zens in New York City, Washington, DC, and
5	Shanksville, Pennsylvania;
6	(2) calls on the Members of the Senate and the
7	House of Representatives, and all people of the
8	United States, to observe September 11, 2020, as a
9	"National Day of Service and Remembrance", with
10	appropriate and personal expressions of service and
11	reflection, which may include performing good deeds,
12	displaying the United States flag, participating in
13	memorial and remembrance services, and safely en-
14	gaging in volunteer service or other charitable activi-
15	ties—
16	(A) in honor of the individuals who lost
17	their lives or were injured in the attacks of Sep-
18	tember 11, 2001; and
19	(B) in tribute to the individuals who rose
20	to service—
21	(i) to come to the aid of those individ-
22	uals in need; and
23	(ii) in defense of the United States;
24	and

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1 (3) urges all people of the United States to con-2 tinue to live their lives throughout the year with the 3 same spirit of unity, service, and compassion that 4 was exhibited throughout the United States fol-5 lowing the terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001.